

Managenergy III – Online Seminar

REPowerEU and the Recovery and Resilience Facility: Contribution to EU energy policies

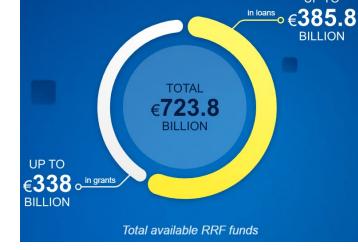
24 November 2023

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Recovery and Resilience Plans and REPowerEU chapters

- The Recovery and Resilience Facility (RRF) is the center piece of the Next Generation EU, providing substantial funding to Member States, based on Recovery and Resilience Plans (RRPs)
- The RRF has been chosen by the Commission to deploy most of the support for the REPowerEU.



- The RRF is a performance-based instrument implemented via Milestones & Targets
- Objective for 2023: have 23 amended RRPs with REPowerEU chapters approved by ECOFIN on 8
 December 2023 (all except BG, DE, IE, LU)
- Main EU instrument to finance the green and digital transition with mandatory thresholds of 37% of each plan to be dedicated to climate objectives, including the clean energy transition (and 20% to digital transition)
- So far (excluding ongoing REPowerEU and other revisions), committed climate expenditures
 amount to 40% of the total RRF, i.e. 289 billion euro.



Contribution to climate and digital objectives

o accelerate the green and digital transitions, each Member State must dedicate at least 37% of the expenditures of its recovery and resilience plan (RRP) to measures contributing to climate objectives and at least 20% of the expenditure to digital objectives. The reforms and investments proposed by Member States have exceeded these targets: for the RRF as a whole, estimated climate expenditure amounts to about 40% and digital expenditure to about 26%.







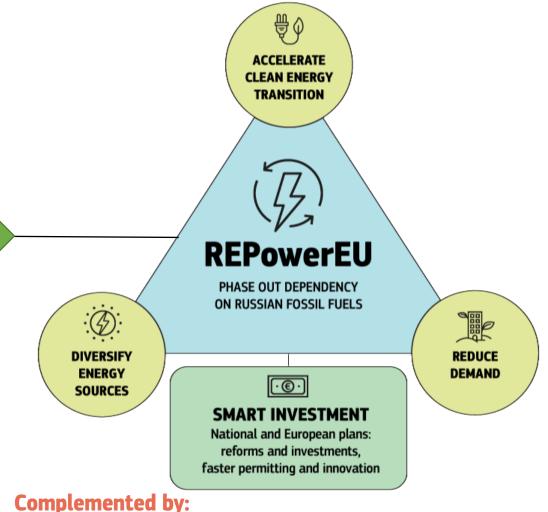
REPowerEU: from goals to actions with RRPs

Independence from Russian fossil fuels by 2027 (all figures expressed in billion cubic metres/equivalent)

- Increase imports of **liquefied natural gas** (LNG) by 50 bcm
- Increase **pipeline gas** imports by 10 bcm
- Increase **biomethane** production by 3.5 bcm
- EU-wide **energy saving** to cut gas demand by 14 bcm
- Rooftop solar to reduce gas demand by 2.5 bcm
- **Heat pumps** to reduce gas demand by 1.5 bcm
- **Reduce gas demand** in the power sector by 20 bcm by deployment of wind and solar

Increase the target of RES from 40% to **42,5%**, aiming at **45%** by 2030

Increase the target of energy savings from 9% to **11.7%** by 2030



- **EU Save Energy Communication**
- EU Solar Energy Strategy



REPowerEU objectives in the amended RRF regulation

- a) Improving **energy infrastructure** and facilities to meet immediate security of supply needs for gas, including LNG;
- b) Boosting energy efficiency in buildings and critical energy infrastructure;
- b) Decarbonisation: industry; increase production and uptake of biomethane and renewable hydrogen;
- **b) RES**: increasing share and accelerating deployment and integration of renewable energy;
- c) Addressing energy poverty;
- d) Incentivising reduction of energy demand;
- e) Addressing internal and cross-border energy transmission and distribution bottlenecks, supporting electricity storage and zero-emission transport and its infrastructure, including railways;
- f) Supporting the objectives set out in points above through accelerated requalification of the workforce for green and related digital skills, as well as through support of the value chains in critical raw materials and technologies linked to the green transition.



Quick overview

Total RRF funding (updated): EUR 652.7 billion

- Grants: EUR 360.1 billion, Loans (requested): EUR 292.6 billion
- **Energy:** EUR 108.1bn already committed prior to REPowerEU chapters and recent RRP amendments (expected increase to around EUR 150 bn).

REPowerEU chapters (so far)

- **Reforms**: most target renewable energy (32), energy efficiency (16), & improving energy networks & storage (13)
- Investments: largest budgets are for energy efficiency (27.5%), decarbonise industry (18.6%), & renewable energy (17.6%)

• 2023 (other) amendments

- Adjustments in RRPs following the update of the RRF grant allocation
- Additional loans (for additional measures, including financial instruments)
- Other changes related to inflation, higher costs, disruptions of supply chains etc.



Funding for REPowerEU chapters

- Repower EU grants
 - 27 MS
 - EUR 20 bn
- Additional grants due to RRF increased allocation
 - 4 out of 27 Member States (CZ, ES, IT, PT)
 - EUR 2.9 bn
- Loans requested and allocated for the REPowerEU chapters
 - 6 out of 27 Member States
 - EUR 32 bn
- BAR transfers
 - 22 out of 27 Member States requested voluntary transfers.
 - EUR 2.1 bn



State of play REPowerEU chapters

REPowerEU chapters

- Received 23 REPowerEU chapters
- Pending BG, DE, IE and LU.

Approved by Council and the Commission

• 13 Member States are done: AT CZ DK EE ES FR LT MT NL PT SE SI SK

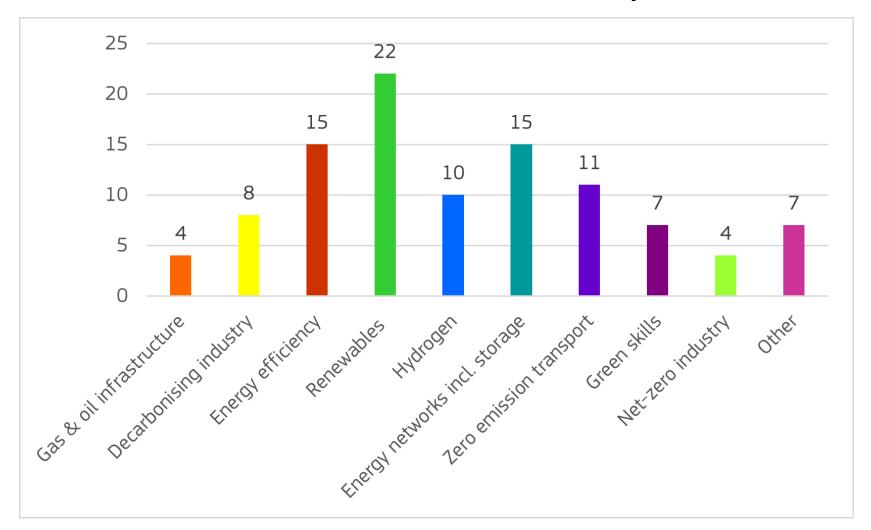
(Only) Endorsed by the Commission

 10 more to be endorsed by the Commission in November and expected to be approved by the Council during its meeting on 8-9 December 2023: BE CY EL FI HR HU IT LV PL RO (8 already endorsed; HU and IT remaining - post ISC, endorsed yesterday and today)



Member States overview – RPW measure

Countries with at least a reform/investment for objective area

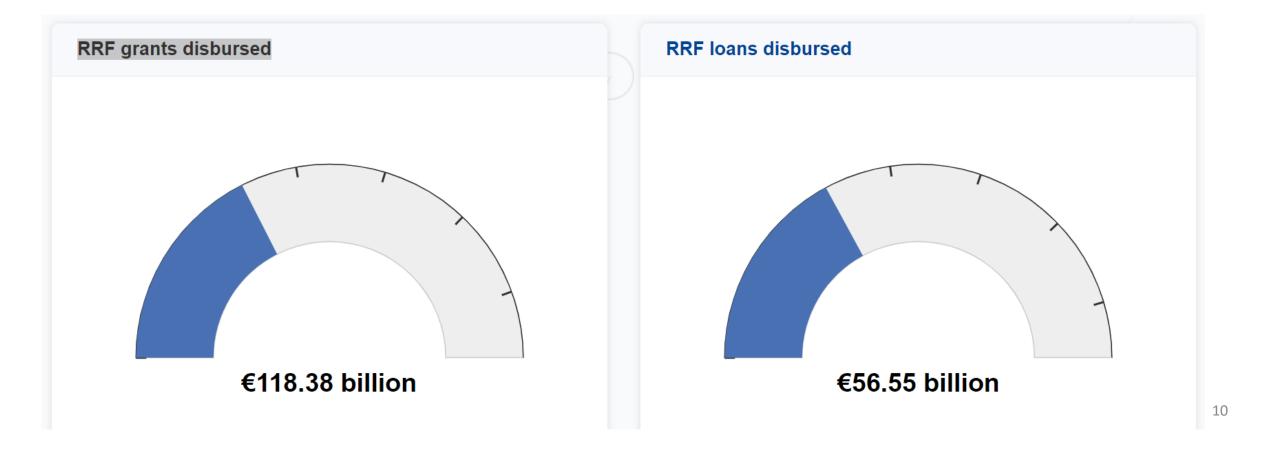


- Provisional data, considering 23 MS with submitted REPowerEU chapter.
- Renewables is the most present objective, with almost all MS included.
- Energy efficiency and Energy networks are also presents in many chapters.



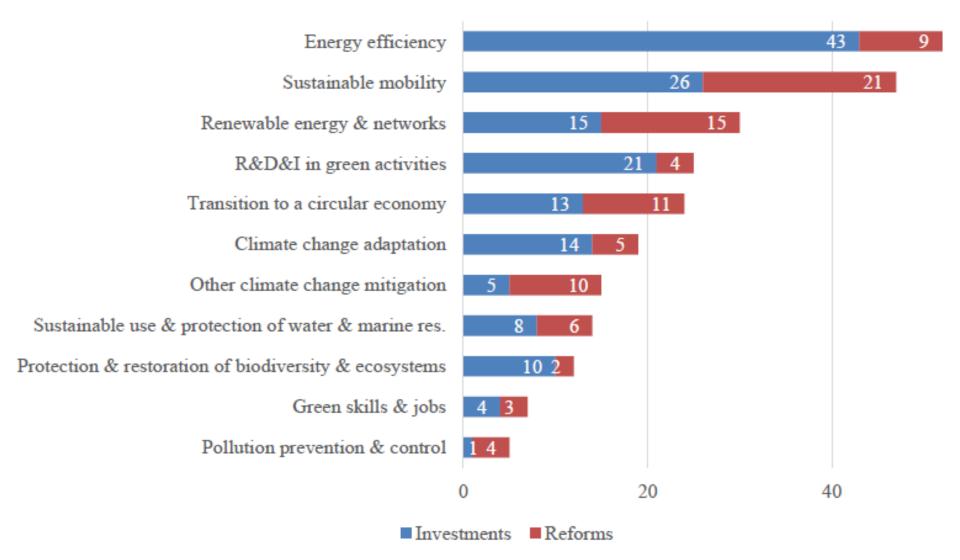
RRP Implementation – Disbursements

EUR 174.93 billion disbursed so far (including EUR 56.5 billion pre-financing for 21 Member States)





Green transition measures with milestones and targets satisfactorily fulfilled (as of 1 Sep 2023)



Thank you for your attention!



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